

Curriculum and Syllabus

For

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA)

Under

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

[With effect from the Session 2020-22]



USHA MARTIN UNIVERSITY
Ranchi, Jharkhand

(Recognized by UGC under Sec. 2(f) of UGC Act 1956)

Semester Wise Distribution of Credits and Marks

Sl No.	Course Code	Title of the Course	Lecture Hours/Weeks			Total Credits	End Term Examination (ETE)	Continuous Assessment (CA)		Total Marks (ETE + CA)
			L	T	P			Mid Term Evaluation	Internal Assessment	
Semester I										
1	MCA-CC101	Operating System	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
2	MCA-CC102	Unix and Shell Programming	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
3	MCA-CC103	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
4	MCA-CC104	Programming in Java	3	1	0	04	60	25	15	100
5	MCA-CC105	Accountancy and Financial Management	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
6	MCA-CP101	Unix Lab	0	0	4	02	60	40		100
7	MCA-CP102	Programming in Java Lab	0	0	4	02	60	40		100
8	MCA-CP103	Accountancy System Lab	0	0	4	02	60	40		100
Credits- Sem I						22	Total Marks - i			800
Semester II										
1	MCA-CC201	Software Engineering	3	1	0	04	60	25	15	100
2	MCA-CC202	Data Analytics	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
3	MCA-CC203	Database Management System	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
4	MCA-CC204	Operation Research and Optimization Techniques	3	1	0	04	60	25	15	100
5	MCA-CC205	Data Communication and Computer Networks	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
6	MCA-CP201	Data Communication and Computer Networks Lab	0	0	4	02	60	40		100
7	MCA-CP202	Data Analytics Lab	0	0	4	02	60	40		100
8	MCA-CP203	Software Project Management Lab	0	0	4	02	60	40		100
Credits- Sem II						23	Total Marks - ii			800
Semester III										
1		Elective1 (Set A)	3	1	0	04	60	25	15	100
2		Elective2 (Set A)	3	1	0	04	60	25	15	100
3		Elective3 (Set A)	3	1	0	04	60	25	15	100
4		Elective4 (Set B)	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100
5	MCA-CC301	Values and Ethics of Profession	3	0	0	03	60	25	15	100

6		Elective Lab1 (Set B)	0	0	4	02	60	40	100
7	MCA-CP301	Minor Project and Viva-Voce and Seminar				06			100*
Credits- Sem III						26	Total Marks - iii		700
Semester IV									
1	MCA-CP401	Major Project and Viva-Voce				15			100**
Credits- Sem IV						15	Total Marks - iv		100
Total Credits (Sem I+Sem II+Sem III+Sem IV)						86	Total Marks (i + ii + iii + iv)		2400

List of Elective Courses (Set A)

MCA-ECA301- Cryptography (4)
 MCA-ECA302- Compiler Design (4)
 MCA-ECA303- E-Commerce (4)
 MCA-ECA304- Distributed Database Management System (4)
 MCA-ECA305- Image Processing (4)
 MCA-ECA306- Parallel Computing (4)
 MCA-ECA307- Cloud Computing (4)
 MCA-ECA308- Bio-Informatics (4)
 MCA-ECA309- Internet of Things (4)
 MCA-ECA310- Theory of Computation (4)
 MCA-ECA311- Data Mining and Data Warehousing (4)
 MCA-ECA312- Deep Learning (4)

List of Elective Courses with Laboratory (Set B)

MCA-ECB301- Mobile Computing (3)
 MCA-EPB301- Mobile Computing Lab (2)
 MCA-ECB302- Windows Programming With Visual Basic.Net (3)
 MCA-EPB302- Windows Programming With Visual Basic.Net Lab (2)
 MCA-ECB303- Pattern Recognition (3)
 MCA-EPB303- Pattern Recognition Lab (2)
 MCA-ECB304- System Administration and Linux (3)
 MCA-EPB304- System Administration and Linux Lab (2)

Naming Conventions

1. **CC** – Core Course
2. **CP** – Core Practical
3. **ECA** – Elective Course Set A
4. **ECB** – Elective Course Set B
5. **EPB** – Elective Practical Set B

SYLLABUS OF 1st SEMESTER

MCA-CC101

Operating System and System Software

Cr 3

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the difference between different types of modern operating systems, virtual machines and their structure of implementation and applications.
- CO2. Understand the difference between process & thread, issues of scheduling of user-level processes / threads and their issues & use of locks, semaphores, monitors for synchronizing multiprogramming with multithreaded systems and implement them in multithreaded programs.
- CO3. Understand the concepts of deadlock in operating systems and how they can be managed / avoided and implement them in multiprogramming system.
- CO4. Understand the design and management concepts along with issues and challenges of main memory, virtual memory and file system.
- CO5. Understand the types of I/O management, disk scheduling, protection and security problems faced by operating systems and how to minimize these problems.

OS and the Computer System, Importance of OS, Basic concepts and terminology, types of OS: Batch Processing Systems, Multiprogramming Systems, Time Sharing Systems, Real Time Operating Systems, Distributed Operating Systems, Modern Operating Systems.

Design and implementation of OS Process: Concept and views, OS view of processes, Threads, Scheduling algorithms, performance evaluation

Inter process communication and synchronization, mutual exclusion, semaphores, hardware support for mutual exclusion, queuing implementation of semaphores, classical problem for concurrent programming, critical region and conditional critical region, monitors, messages, deadlocks.

Resource manager, file management, processor management, device management, Memory Management- paging, swapping, design issues for paging system, segmentation, Virtual memory concept, demand paging, page replacement algorithm.

Security and protection, policies and mechanism, authentication, protection and access control, formal models of protection, cryptography, worms and viruses. In- process communication & synchronization, File systems, security and protection mechanism, Input/out systems, processes and processors in distributed system. Performance measurement, monitoring and evaluation. Multiprocessor system, classification and types, OS function and requirements.

Text Book and References:

1. Operating System Concepts, A. Silverschwatz, P. Galvin & G.Gange , Willey
2. Operating System Concepts, Milenekovic, McGraw Hill
3. Modern Operating Systems, A.S. Tanenbaum, Pearson Education
4. Operating Systems & Systems Programming, P. Balakrishna Prasad, Scitech Publications Pvt. Ltd.

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the architecture, networking and basic commands of UNIX.
- CO2. Implement various file processing commands used in UNIX.
- CO3. Apply Regular expression to perform pattern matching using utilities like grep, sed and awk.
- CO4. Construct various shell scripts for simple applications.
- CO5. Understand the process management using system calls UNIX environment.

Overview of the UNIX Operating System, General purpose Utilities Command.

Vi editor, advance Vi Editor, Shell commands & Shell Programming (Bourne Shell).

Simple filters and grep Command, File System & Handling Ordinary Files, Basic & more File attributes.

Concept of I –Node, Overview of Process, Overview of Sed & awk.

Overview of TCP/IP networking- Basic Concept of 4 Layers, Network Class, Basic Concept of the Applications, Subnet.

Text Book and References:

1. UNIX: Concepts & Applications, Sumitava Das, TMH.
2. Your UNIX –The Ultimate Guide, Sumitava Das, TMH.
3. Design of UNIX Operating system, Maurice Bach, PHI.
4. Learning the UNIX operating system, peek, SPD/O'REILLY.
5. Mastering UNIX/LINUX/ Solaris shell scripting, Randal k: Michael, Wiley Dreamtech.

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the modern view of AI as the study of agents that receive percepts from the environment and perform actions.
- CO2. Demonstrate awareness of the major challenges facing AI and the complex of typical problems within the field.
- CO3. Exhibit strong familiarity with a number of important AI techniques, including in particular search, knowledge representation, planning and constraint management.
- CO4. Asses critically the techniques presented and to apply them to real world problems.

What is Artificial Intelligence? The AI problems, the underlying assumptions, what is an AI technique? Problems, Problem Spaces and search, defining the problem as a State Space Search, Production Systems, Problem characteristics, Production system characteristics, Issues in the design of search programs, Tic-

Tae-Toe problem. Heuristic Search Technique, Generate and Test, Hill climbing, Best-First search, Problem reduction, constraint Satisfaction, Means ends Analysis.

Knowledge Representation Issues, representations and Mapping, Approaches to knowledge Representation, Issues in Knowledge Representation, The Frame Problem. Representing Simple facts in Logic, Representing Instance and IS a Relationship, computable Functions and Predicates, Resolutions. Representing knowledge using rules, Procedural v/s declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward v/s backward reasoning, matching control knowledge. Symbolic Reasoning under uncertainty, introduction to non monotonic reasoning, logics for non monotonic reasoning, depth first search, breadth first search. Statistical Reasoning, probability and Bayes's theorem, certainty factor and rule based systems. Bayesian Networks. Weak slot and filler structures, semantic nets, frames. Strong slot and filler structures, conceptual dependency.

Game Playing, overview. The minimax search procedure, adding alpha beta cut offs. Natural Language Processing. Introduction, syntactic Processing, Semantic analysis. Learning, What is learning? Role of learning, learning by taking advice, learning in problem solving. Expert systems, representing and using domain knowledge, explanation, knowledge acquisition. Lisp; introduction, Lisp a brief overview, higher order functions, search strategies, pattern matching. Prolog: introduction, syntax for predicate calculus programming, ADT.

Text Book and References:

1. DAN.W. Patterson, Introduction to A.I and Expert Systems – PHI, 2007.
2. Russell & Norvig, Artificial Intelligence-A Modern Approach, LPE, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2nd edition, 2005.
3. Rich & Knight, Artificial Intelligence – Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd edition, 1991.
4. W.F. Clocksin and Mellish, Programming in PROLOG, Narosa Publishing House, 3rd edition, 2001.
5. Ivan Bratko, Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Addison-Wesley, Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2000.

MCA-CC105

Accountancy and Financial Management

Cr 3

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Acquaint the students with the broad framework of financial decision making in a business unit.
- CO2. State the uses and users of accounting information;
- CO3. Explain and apply accounting concepts, principles and conventions;
- CO4. Record basic accounting transactions and prepare annual financial statements; and
- CO5. Analyze, interpret and communicate the information contained in basic financial statements and explain the limitations of such statements.

Fundamentals of Accounting

Accounting Framework, Accounting and its functions, Accounting Concepts and Standards, Accounting Information and its Accounting, Understanding Financial Statement, Construction and Analysis of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss account.

Construction and Analysis of Cash Flow Statement, Cost Management, Concept of Costs Accounting and Marginal Costing , Cost-Volume–Profit Analysis.

Financial and investment analysis, Ratio analysis, Budgeting and Budgetary control, Variance Analysis.

Financial Decisions, management of Working Capital, Managing Cash Needs, Capital Structure, Dividend Decisions. Introduction to financial accounting computer packages (TALLY).

MCA-CP101

Unix Lab

Cr 2

1. UNIX Utilities Command
2. Shell Command
3. VI Editor
4. Shell Programming
5. SED and AWK Programming

MCA-CC104

Programming in Java

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Design good web pages using different tags, tables, forms, frames and style sheets supported by HTML.
- CO2. Implement, compile, test and run Java programs, comprising more than one class, to address a particular software problem.
- CO3. Demonstrate the ability to employ various types of selection statements and iteration statements in a Java program.
- CO4. Be able to leverage the object-oriented features of Java language using abstract class and interface.
- CO5. Be able to handle errors in the program using exception handling techniques of Java.
- CO6. Design applets as per the requirements with event handling facility.

Introduction to Java

Features of Java, Java Program Structure, Understanding the semantic and syntax differences between C++ and Java, Java Tokens, Java Virtual Machine (Bytecodes), Compiling and Executing a Java Program, Variables, Constants, Data Types, Scope of Variables, Type Casting, Operators, Expressions, Decision Making and Branching, Looping (While, Do, For, Jumps in Loops, Labelled Loops).

Arrays, Strings and I/O

Creating & Using Arrays (One Dimension and Multi-dimensional), Referencing Arrays Dynamically, Java Strings: The Java String class, Methods of String class, Manipulating Strings, String Buffer Classes, Methods of String Buffer class, String Tokenizer class, the Scanner class.

Classes, Objects and Methods

Class, Object, Constructors, Method Overloading, Inheritance, Method Overriding, This and Super, Final Variables and Methods, Final Classes, Finalize method, Abstract Methods and Classes, Visibility Control

Interfaces and Packages

Defining, Extending and Implementing Interfaces, Java API packages, Using Standard Java Packages (util, lang, io, net), Creating a package, Accessing and using a Package.

Multithreading and Exception Handling

Creating Threads, Extending the Thread Class, Stopping and Blocking a Thread, Life Cycle of a Thread, Thread Priority, Thread Synchronization, Runnable Interface Types of Errors, Exceptions, Built-in exceptions, Exception handling code (Try, Catch and Finally), Throwing our own Exception.

Applets and AWT Programming

Applet : Java Applets, Applet Life Cycle, Passing Parameters to Applets, Applet Tag, Embedding applets to HTML file, Running the applet

AWT(Abstract Window Toolkit)

Introduction to AWT, Graphics classes and its methods, Drawing Lines, rectangles, circles, ellipses and arcs using Graphics Class, Color class, ActionListener, ItemListener, KeyListener and MouseListener Interfaces, Component Class, Container Class, Button, Label, Checkbox, Radio Buttons, List Box, Choice Box, Text Area, Border Layout and Grid Layout

Swing

Introduction to Swing, Difference between AWT and Swing, Basics of JOptionPane, JApplet, JButton, JFrame, under javax.swing package.

Text Book and References:

1. E. Balaguruswamy, Programming with Java, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2014.
2. Herbert Schildt, JAVA The Complete Reference, 8th Edition, Mcgraw Higher Education, 2011
3. Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Corness, Core Java Volume II - Advanced Features, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
4. Ken Arnold, James Gosling, David Homes, The Java Programming Language, Addison-Wesley Professional, 4th Edition, 2005.

MCA-CP102

Programming in JAVA Lab

Cr 2

1. To find the sum of any number of integers entered as command line arguments
2. To find the factorial of a given number
3. To learn use of single dimensional array by defining the array dynamically.
4. To learn use of .length in case of a two dimensional array
5. To convert a decimal to binary number
6. To check if a number is prime or not, by taking the number as input from the keyboard
7. To find the sum of any number of integers interactively, i.e., entering every number from the keyboard, whereas the total number of integers is given as a command line argument
8. Write a program that show working of different functions of String and StringBuffer classes like setCharAt(), setLength(), append(), insert(), concat() and equals().
9. Write a program to create a —distance class with methods where distance is computed in terms of feet and inches, how to create objects of a class and to see the use of this pointer
10. Modify the —distance class by creating constructor for assigning values (feet and inches) to the distance object. Create another object and assign second object as reference variable to another object reference variable. Further create a third object which is a clone of the first object.
11. Write a program to show that during function overloading, if no matching argument is found, then java will apply automatic type conversions (from lower to higher data type)

12. Write a program to show the difference between public and private access specifiers. The program should also show that primitive data types are passed by value and objects are passed by reference and to learn use of final keyword
13. Write a program to show the use of static functions and to pass variable length arguments in a function.
14. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of boxing and unboxing.
15. Create a multi-file program where in one file a string message is taken as input from the user and the function to display the message on the screen is given in another file (make use of Scanner package in this program).
16. Write a program to create a multilevel package and also creates a reusable class to generate Fibonacci series, where the function to generate fibonacci series is given in a different file belonging to the same package.
17. Write a program that creates illustrates different levels of protection in classes/subclasses belonging to same package or different packages
18. Write a program —DivideByZero that takes two numbers a and b as input, computes a/b, and invokes Arithmetic Exception to generate a message when the denominator is zero.
19. Write a program to show the use of nested try statements that emphasizes the sequence of checking for catch handler statements.
20. Write a program to create your own exception types to handle situation specific to your application (Hint: Define a subclass of Exception which itself is a subclass of Throwable).
21. Write a program to demonstrate priorities among multiple threads.
22. Write a program to demonstrate multithread communication by implementing synchronization among threads (Hint: you can implement a simple producer and consumer problem).
23. Write a program to create URL object, create a URLConnection using the openConnection() method and then use it examine the different components of the URL and content.
24. Write a program to implement a simple datagram client and server in which a message that is typed into the server window is sent to the client side where it is displayed.
25. Write a program that creates a Banner and then creates a thread to scrolls the message in the banner from left to right across the applet's window.
26. Write a program to get the URL/location of code (i.e. java code) and document (i.e. html file).
27. Write a program to demonstrate different mouse handling events like mouseClicked(), mouseEntered(), mouseExited(), mousePressed, mouseReleased() and mouseDragged().
28. Write a program to demonstrate different keyboard handling events.
29. Write a program to generate a window without an applet window using main() function.
30. Write a program to demonstrate the use of push buttons.

MCA-CP103

Accountancy System Lab

Cr 2

Software package used for Accountancy: Tally accounting package

1. Accounts Creation
2. Inventory Creation
3. Transactions
 - a. Accounting vouchers
 - b. Inventory vouchers
4. Importing of data

5. Reports
6. Introduction to Payroll system

SYLLABUS OF 2nd SEMESTER

MCA-CC201

Software Engineering

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Gather and specify requirements of the software projects.
- CO2. Analyze software requirements with existing tools.
- CO3. Differentiate different testing methodologies.
- CO4. Understand and apply the basic project management practices in real life projects.
- CO5. Work in a team as well as independently on software projects.

Introduction to SE

S/W myths, Definitions and components of SE, Software processes and S/W characteristics, S/W applications. Software Process Models: Waterfall, Spiral, Prototype, RAD, 4 GT, Incremental, Evolutionary development, Iterative enhancement, Selection of a model.

Software Metrics

Definitions, Types of S/W metrics, products and processes S/W size and effort estimations: LOC, KLOC etc. Function point estimations COCOMO: basic, intermediate, detailed modes for organic, semidetached and embedded S/W.

Software Requirements Analysis and Specification

Requirement engineering, requirement elicitation, DFD, ER diagrams, Charts, requirement analysis, requirement documentations.

Software Design

Definitions, concepts and principles of S/W design, Structured design: modularity, coupling, cohesion, OO design principles.

S/W Testing

Objective, principles, types of S/W testing S/w quality assurance: concepts of S/W quality, S/W reliability, S/W safety.

Text Book and References

1. Rogers G. Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach (7th Edition), McGraw-Hill, 2009.
2. Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, PHI, 2014.
3. I. Sommerville, Software Engineering (8th edition), Addison Wesley, 2006.

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Carry out data analysis/statistical analysis
- CO2. Effectively visualize the data
- CO3. Ability to think critically in making decisions based on data and deep analytics.
- CO4. Ability to use technical skills in predicative and prescriptive modeling to support business decision-making.
- CO5. Ability to translate data into clear, actionable insights.
- CO6. Demonstrate effective communication skills that facilitate the effective presentation of analysis result

Basics of Mathematics and Statistics

Introduction to the course, Descriptive Statistics, Introduction to probability and probability distributions (discrete and continuous), Inferential Statistics through hypothesis tests

Machine Learning: Introduction and Concepts

Introduction to machine learning, Regression: Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Ridge Regression, Lasso Regression, KNN (K- Nearest Neighbors)

Basic & Advanced machine learning tools

Decision Trees, K-Means, Naïve Bayes, Random Forests, Neural Networks, Dimensionality Reduction Techniques, Support Vector Machines, Clustering, Statistical mixture models

Text Book and References

1. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, James, Springer
2. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Bishop, Springer
3. Machine Learning (in Python and R) For Dummies, John Paul Mueller, Wiley

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Apply database transaction management and database recovery.
- CO2. Construct queries and maintain database using SQL and PL/SQL.
- CO3. Understand the basic knowledge of database security.
- CO4. Understand the concept of object-oriented database and parallel database.

Transaction Processing Concepts

Transaction, Transaction execution, transaction processing and transaction properties, Concurrency control: Concurrency control, problems of concurrency control i.e., Lost update, dirty read (uncommitted data), unrepeatable (read), schedules, Lock types i.e. Shared, exclusive, two phase (2PL)), dead-locks, timestamp, methods.

Database Security (DS)

Goals of DS, Threats to DS, Authorization and authentication, data security issues, discretionary Access control (i.e. granting / revoking privileges, Audit trails).

Database recovery system

Database Backup, and Types of DB failures, types of Database recovery i.e. Forward and backward, recovery, Recovery technique i.e. Deferred update, immediate update and checkpoints.

Object oriented databases

Object oriented data model, concepts of object oriented databases (i.e. Objects, classes, polymorphism), Object Oriented DBMS i.e. OODBMS (Features, advantages and disadvantages).

Parallel Database System: Advantages, disadvantages and architecture of Parallel DBS.

PL/SQL

Basics of PL/SQL, Cursors, Triggers, Procedures and Functions.

Decision Support System (DSS): Evolution of DSS, Definition of DSS, Characteristics of DSS, Benefits of DSS, Components of DSS.

Data Warehousing

Evolution, Components, Characteristics, Benefits, Limitation, Architecture of Data Warehouses(Data marts and Online Analytical Processing(OLAP)).

Data Mining

Data Mining Process, Data Mining Knowledge discovery, Goals of Data Mining, Data Mining Tools, Data Mining Application.

MCA-CC204 Operation Research and Optimization Techniques Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

Linear Programming Problem

Graphical Method, Algebraic Method, Simplex Method, Big-M Method, Two-Phase Method. Duality Method: Duality of Simplex Method, Dual-Simplex Method. Integer Programming Problem: Cutting Plane Method, Branch and Bound Method.

Transportation Problem

Determination of the Starting Solution:-North-West corner rule, Least Cost Method, Vogel's Approximation Method, Optimum Solution:- Stepping Stone Method, MODI-Method, and Assignment Problem: Hungarian Method, Unbalanced Assignment Problem, and Maximization Problem.

Game Theory

Two Person Zero Sum, Maximin-Minimax Principle, Games with Saddle Point, Games without Saddle Point Mixed Strategies:- 2×2 Games without Saddle Point, Graphical Method for $2 \times n$ or $m \times 2$ Games, Dominance Property, Sequencing Theory: N jobs through Two Machines, N jobs through three machines.

Inventory Control

Determination of EOQ, Components, Deterministic Inventory Model: - Purchasing Problem without Shortage, Purchasing problem with shortage, production problem without shortage, production problem with shortage. Queuing Theory: Basic Structure, Exponential distribution, Birth and Death model, M/M/I.

Network Optimization Mode

Minimal spanning tree: - Kruskal's and Prim's Algorithm, Shortest Path Problem:- Dijkstra's and Floyd's Algorithm, CPM/PERT:- Network Diagram, Forward Pass Computation, Backward Pass Computation, Determination of Total Float & Free Float Time.

MCA-CC205

Data Communication and Computer Networks

Cr 3

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Independently understand basic computer network technology.
- CO2. Understand and explain Data Communications System and its components.
- CO3. Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols.
- CO4. To master the terminology and concepts of the OSI reference model and the TCP-IP reference model.
- CO5. Identify the different types of network devices and their functions within a network
- CO6. Understand and building the skills of IP addressing and routing mechanisms.
- CO7. Familiarity with the basic protocols of computer networks, and how they can be used to assist in network design and implementation.

Introduction to computer network

Topologies: STAR,BUS,RING,MESH,TREE & HYBRID Topologies, Base Band & Broad Band Communication, Guided & Unguided Transmission Media: Types of Guided and Unguided Media an Comparison, Overview of Data & Signal Bits, Baud Rate & Bit Rate, Modulation Techniques (AMPLITUDE MODULATION, PHASE MODULATION,FREQUENCY M)ODULATION, Multiplexing (TDM, FDM,STDM),Line coding (RZ, NRZ, MANCHESTER ENCODING, DIFFERENTIAL MANCHESTER ENCODING), Digital To Analog CONVERSION- ASK, PSK, FSK, QPSK.

Transmission methods

Synchronous & Asynchronous Transmission, Flow Control & Error Control: For noiseless channels: Simplest, Stop & Wait. For Noisy Channels: Stop and wait ARQ, Go-BACK-N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ, Error Detection methods. Goals of Layered protocols- Introduction to OSI, TCP/IP, SNA, UDP, ATM, FTP, Bit oriented (BSC) and Character oriented Protocols, High Level Data Link Control (HDLC).

LAN Topology

Ethernet, Token Bus, Token Ring (IEEE 802.5), Introduction to WAN & MAN,DQDM and FDDI. Switching Technologies- Circuit Switching, Message Switching and packet Switching. X.25, channelization and frames concepts, ISDN: International standards NTI, NT2, TA TE devices. Introduction to leased lines, DSL, Bridging & Routing: Types of Routing, static & Dynamic Routing, IP addressing concepts:IPV4 & IPV6, ICMP, Arp, Rarp, Congestion Control, Introduction to data security and Cryptography, private key, public key, ISO standards).introduction to Mobile technology (Topology, FDM, TDM, CDMA) satellite communication (LEO,GEO, TDM).

Text Books and References

1. Data communication & Networking, Fourozan, THM.
2. Computer Network. Tannenbaum, PHI.
3. Data and Computer Communications, Stallings, PHI.
4. Data Communication and Network, Dr. Prasad, Wiley, Dreamtech.

MCA-CP202**Data Analytics Lab****Cr 2****1. Python Introduction**

Why Python for data science, Installation and running, Python basic data structures, List, String, Tuples, Python iteration and conditional constructs, Python packages: how to import.

2. Exploration and Visualization

Introduction to numpy, matplotlib. Pandas and Seaborn packages, Load data files, convert variables to different data types, transpose a table, sort data, plotting tools, using Pandas, Dataframe, Feature engineering using Pandas.

MCA-CP203**Software Project Management Lab****Cr 2**

- Problem Statement,
 - Process Model
1. Requirement Analysis:
 - Creating a Data Flow
 - Data Dictionary, Use Cases
 2. Project Management:
 - Computing FP
 - Effort
 - Schedule, Risk Table, Timeline chart
 3. Design Engineering:
 - Architectural Design
 - Data Design, Component Level Design
 4. Testing:
 - Basis Path Testing

Sample Projects:

1. **Banking System:** Implement banking system for cash with drawl, cash deposit, check balance.
2. **Criminal Record Management:** Implement a criminal record management system for jailers, police officers and CBI officers
3. Organized Retail Shopping Management Software
4. Online Hotel Reservation Service System
5. Examination and Result computation system
6. Automatic Internal Assessment System

SYLLABUS OF 3rd SEMESTER**MCA-CC301****Values and Ethics of Profession****Cr 3**

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understood the core values that shape the ethical behavior of an engineer
- CO2. Exposed awareness on professional ethics and human values.
- CO3. Known their role in technological development

Ethics of Profession: Engineering profession: Ethical issues in engineering practice. Conflicts between business demands and professional ideals. Social and ethical Responsibilities of Technologists. Codes of professional ethics Whistle blowing and beyond. Case studies.

Profession and Human values. Value Crisis in contemporary society. Nature of values: Value Spectrum of a 'good' life. Psychological values: Integrated personality; mental health. Societal values: the modern search for a 'good' society, justice, democracy, secularism, rule of law; values in Indian Constitution. Aesthetic Values: Perception and enjoyment of beauty, simplicity clarity. Moral and ethical values; Nature of moral judgments; canons of ethics; Ethics of virtue; ethics of duty; ethics of responsibility.

Information Technology Act 2000

- Rationale behind the Act.
- Scheme of the Act.
- Digital signature- Authentication of electronic records.
- Electronic governance- Legal recognition of electronic records and Digital signature
- use of electronic records and Digital signature in govt. and its agencies, Retention of
- electronic records, publication of rules and regulations in e-gazette, sec 9 and sec 10.
- Attribution, acknowledgement and dispatch of e-records – sec 11, 12, 13.
- Secure electronic records and digital signatures – sec 14, 15, and 16.
- Regulation of certifying authorities –sec 17 to sec 34.
- Digital signature certificates- 35-38.
- Duties of subscribers.
- Penalties and adjudication.
- The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal.
- Offences.

Text Book and References:

1. Blending the best of the East & West, Dr. Subir Chowdhury, EXCEL.
2. Ethics & Management. & Indian Ethos, ghosh, VIKAS.
3. Business Ethics, Pherwani, EPH.
4. Ethics, Indian Ethos & Management, Balachandran, Raja, Nair, Shroff Publishers.

ELECTIVE LIST COURSE (SET A)

MCA-ECA301

Cryptography

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the basic concepts and goals of Information security such as Confidentiality, Integrity, authentication, Non-Repudiation, Authorization, and Availability and their relevance in various Contexts.
- CO2. Understand the mathematics related to Classical cryptosystems.
- CO3. Understand the classical cryptosystems and techniques used to break them.
- CO4. Understand the ideas of public key cryptosystems and digital signature schemes.
- CO5. Understand different network issues and the solutions for them through firewall, intrusion detection system.
- CO6. Understand and critically evaluate a range of access control and authentication mechanisms

Introduction

Basic Objectives of Cryptography, Secret-key and Public-key cryptography, Security Goals and Principles, Cryptographic Attacks, Substitution Ciphers, Transpositions, Stream and Block Ciphers, Algorithm Modes.

Mathematics of Symmetric Key Cryptography

Modular Arithmetic, Linear Congruence, $GF(2^n)$ Fields.

Symmetric Key Cryptography

Modern Block Ciphers, Modern Stream Ciphers, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Algorithm, Data Encryption Standard (DES), Blowfish, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).

Mathematics of Asymmetric Key Cryptography

Primes, Primality Testing, Factorization, Chinese Remainder Theorem.

Asymmetric Key Cryptography

Overview, RSA, Cryptographic Hash function: MD5, SHA, MAC, HMAC, Digital Envelope, Digital Signature.

Entity Authentication and Key Management

Passwords, Challenge-Response, Zero-Knowledge, Kerberos, PKI.

Network Security

Threats in Network, Network Security Controls, Firewalls, Intrusion Detection Systems, Secure E-mail, Malicious Programs.

Text Book and References:

1. Cryptography and Network Security: Second Edition, Behrouz A. Forouzan, McGraw Hill Education
2. Network Security Essentials : Applications and Standards: Fourth Edition, William Stalling, Pearson Education
3. Cryptography and Network Security: Atul Kahate, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
4. Applied Cryptography: Bruce Schneier, John Wiley & Sons
5. Security in Computing: P. Pfleeger, , PHI

MCA-ECA302

Compiler Design

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- CO1. Describe the design of a compiler and the phases of program translation from source code to executable code and the files produced by these phases.
- CO2. Explain lexical analysis phase and its underlying formal models such as finite state automata, push-down automata and their connection to language definition through regular expressions and grammars.
- CO3. Explain the syntax analysis phase and identify the similarities and differences among various parsing techniques and grammar transformation techniques.
- CO4. Formal attributed grammars for specifying the syntax and semantics of programming languages.

CO5. Identify the effectiveness of optimization and explain the differences between machine-dependent and machine-independent translation.

Classification of grammars. Context free grammars. Deterministic finite state automata (DFA). Non – DFA scanners. Top down parsing, LL grammars. Bottom up parsing. Polishing expressions Operator precedence grammar. IR comparison of parsing methods. Error handling. Symbol table handling techniques. Organization for non -block and block structured languages.

Run time storage Administration. Static and dynamic allocation. Intermediate forms of source program. Polish N-tuple and syntax trees. semantic analysis and code generation. Code optimization, folding, and redundant sub-expression evaluation. Optimization within iterative loops.

Text Book and References:

1. Compiler Design, Aho& Ullman.
2. Compiler Design in C, Holub, PHI.

MCA-ECA303

E-Commerce

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- CO1. Gain a comprehensive understanding of the E-Commerce landscape, current and emerging business models, and the technology and infrastructure underpinnings of the business.
- CO2. Leverage the E-Commerce platforms to enhance current business or incubate new businesses.
- CO3. Gain an understanding on how innovative use of the E-Commerce can help developing competitive advantage.
- CO4. Develop an understanding on how internet can help business grow
- CO5. Gain an understanding on the importance of security, privacy, and ethical issues as they relate to E-Commerce.

Introduction to E-Commerce

Information Technology. What is E-Commerce. Framework of Ecommerce. Categories of E-Commerce applications. Adoption of ECommerce. Advantages of E-Commerce .Business Models of E-Commerce: Different types of business models ie. B2B, B2C, C2C, C2B, B2G . Models of B2C E-Commerce. Major challenges of B2C E-Commerce. Development of B2B E-Commerce. Types of B2B markets. Impact and benefits of B2B E-commerce on business models.

Technology for Online Business

IT Infrastructure (Characteristics and Elements). Networks (Types and Topologies). Internet (Characteristics, Architecture, WWW, Domain Name, Client, Server, TCP/IP). Email. Intranet. Digital Signature. HTML. HTTP. Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) : Introduction to EDI. Components of EDI. Features of EDI. Cost of EDI. Electronic Funds Transfer. Business Applications of E-Commerce: Trade Cycle. Supply Chain. Competitive Advantage. Ecommerce Application (in Manufacturing, Wholesale, Retail, Service Sector).

Electronic Payment Systems (EPS)

Introduction to EPS. Online banking. Types of EPS (Electronic Tokens, E-Cash, E-Cheque, Smart Card, Credit Card, Debit Card, Proximity). Features and Advantages of Electronic Payment Systems. Cryptography. Security Issues in Ecommerce: Security issues related to Ecommerce. Threats and Risks involved in Ecommerce. Common Ecommerce security tools(Authentication, Access control, Encryption, Firewall). Biometric. Client Server N/W security. Data and message security (Encryption and Digital Signature).

Text Book and References:

1. Bharat Bhaskar, Electronic Commerce—Framework Technologies and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill.
2. Ravi Kalakota & A.B. Winston, Frontiers of Electronic Commerce, Pearson Education.
3. Ravi kalakota & A.B. Winston, Electronic Commerce- A Manager's Guide, Pearson Education.
4. AgarwalaK amlesh, N and Agarwala Deeksha, Business on the Net Introduction to the E-Com, Macmillan India.
5. P.T. Joseph, E-Commerce: A Managerial Perspective, PHI, 2002.

MCA-ECA304

Distributed Database Management System

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. To know the design and system issues related to distributed database systems.
- CO2. To learn the usage of different design strategies for distributed databases.
- CO3. To study and implement the query processing techniques and algorithms as well as transaction management and concurrency control concepts used in such systems and in real world applications.
- CO4. To know the Design and implementation issues related to multi-database systems (MDBS) and applications as well.

Distributed DBMS features and needs. Reference architecture, Levels of distribution transparency, replication, Distributed database design—fragmentation, allocation criteria. Storage mechanisms. Translation of global queries. Global query optimization.

Query execution and access plan. Concurrency control-2 phases locks. Distributed deadlocks. Time based and quorum based protocols. Comparison. Reliability –non-blocking commitment protocols. Partitioned networks. Checkpoints and cold starts.

Management of distributed transactions-2 phase unit protocols. Architectural aspects. Node and link failure recoveries. Distributed data dictionary management . Distributed database administration.

Heterogeneous databases- federated database, reference architecture loosely and tightly coupled. Alternative architecture, Development tasks, Operation- global task management.

Client server database–SQL server, open database connectivity. Constructing an application.

Text Book and References:

1. Database System Concepts, Silberschatz, Korth, Sudarshan, TMH.
2. Database Management System, Ramakrishna, TMH.

3. Beginning SQL Server 2000 programming, Dew son, SPD/WROX.
4. Database Management System, Leon, VIKAS.
5. My SQL: Enterprise Solutions, Alexander Pachev, Wiley Dreamtech.

MCA-ECA305

Image Processing

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Analyze different image processing technique to retrieve image information.
- CO2. Differentiate between different image transformation techniques.
- CO3. Analyze different image enhancement techniques.
- CO4. Analyze the concept of color image processing.
- CO5. Analyze the concept of image restoration.
- CO6. Differentiate between different image compression and segmentation techniques.

Image

Digital Representation. Elements Of Visual Perception. Sampling And Quantization. Image Processing System Elements, Fourier Transforms. Extension To 2-D, DCT, Walsh Transform, Hadamard Transforms. Enhancement And Segmentation. Point And Region Dependent Techniques.

Image Encoding

Fidelity Criteria. Transform Compression. KL, Fourier, DCT, Spatial Compression, Run Length Coding. Huffman and Contour Coding. Restoration Models: Constrained And Unconstrained, Inverse Filtering, Recursive Filtering.

Text Book and References:

1. Digital image Processing & Analysis, Chanda & Magumde, PHI.
2. Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Jain, PHI.
3. Image Processing, Analysis & Machine Vision, Sonka, VIKAS.

MCA-ECA306

Parallel Computing

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Learn the basics and need for parallel computing environment
- CO2. Learn about parallel random access machine and constituting algorithms
- CO3. Learn parallel matrix multiplication algorithms and algorithms for Processor Array and Multiprocessors
- CO4. Learn to solve Linear Systems using algorithms like Back Substitution, ODD-EVEN Reduction, Guassian Elimination and etc.
- CO5. Explain how large-scale parallel systems are architected and how massive parallelism are implemented in accelerator architectures
- CO6. Write parallel programs for large-scale parallel systems, shared address space platforms, and heterogeneous platforms
- CO7. Design efficient parallel algorithms and applications
- CO8. Be conversant with performance analyze and modeling of parallel programs

Introduction

Computational Demand of Modern Science, Advent of Practical Processing, Parallel Processing Terminology- Contrasting Pipelining and Data Parallelism, Control Parallelism, Scalability, Control-Parallel Approach, Data-Parallel Approach with I/O.

PRAM Algorithm

A Model of Serial Computation, The PARAM Model of Parallel Computation, PARAM Algorithm-Parallel Reduction, Prefix Sums, List Ranking, Preorder Tree Traversal, Merging Two Sorted Lists, Graph Colouring, Problem defining Fast Solutions on PRAMS.

Elementary Parallel Algorithm

Classifying MIMD Algorithm, Reduction.

Matrix Multiplication

Sequential Matrix Multiplication, Algorithms for Processor Array, Algorithms for Multiprocessors.

Solving Linear Systems

Terminology, Back Substitution, ODD-EVEN Reduction, Gaussian Elimination, The JACOBI Algorithm, The Gauss-Seidel Algorithm, Jacobi Overrelaxation and Successive Overrelaxation, Mulyigrid Methods, Conjugate Gradient.

Text Book and References:

1. H.Attiya & J. Welch- Distributed Computing- Fundamentals, Simulations and Advanced Topics, 2nd Edn., Wiley India Publication, New Delhi, 2006.
2. M.J. Quinn-Parallel Computing-Theory and Practice, 2nd Edn. McGraw Hill Inc., New York.

MCA-ECA307

Cloud Computing

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understanding the systems, protocols and mechanisms to support cloud computing.
- CO2. Develop applications for cloud computing.
- CO3. Understanding the hardware necessary for cloud computing.
- CO4. Design and implement a novel cloud computing application.

Introduction

Introduction to Cloud Computing, Roots of Cloud Computing: Fundamental concepts of Distributed Systems, Cluster Computing, Grid Computing, and Mobile Computing.

Cloud Models

Basics of Cloud Computing Concepts, Characteristics of Cloud Computing, Need for Cloud, Cloud Deployment models: private, public, hybrid and community cloud, Cloud Services: Resource-as-a-Service (RaaS), Infrastructure-as-a-Service (IaaS), Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) and Software-as-a-Service (SaaS), Examples of each services.

Cloud Services

RaaS: Usage of Physical resources like servers, networks, data centered, IaaS: Virtualization, Virtual Machine provisioning and Migration Services, Scheduling techniques of Virtual machines for resource reservation. PaaS: Integrated lifecycle platform: Google App Engine, Microsoft Azure, Anchored life cycle platform: Salesforce platform, SaaS: Characterizing SaaS, Salesforce's software environment.

Cloud Application

Cloud Application, Cloud challenges, Cloud Security and privacy issues, Mobile Cloud, Integration of Cloud with Wireless Sensor Network and its application.

Text Book and References:

1. “Cloud Computing Principles and Paradigms”, edited by Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg and Andrzej Goscinski, Wiley Publication.
2. “Fundamentals of Cloud Computing”, P.K. Pattnaik, M.R. Kabat, S. Pal, Vikas Publishing, 2014.
3. “Cloud Computing for Dummies”, Judith Hurwitz, Robin Bloor, Marcia Kaufman and Fern Halper, Wiley Publication.
4. “New frontiers in information and software as a service”, Divyakant Agrawal, K. Selcuk Candan, WenSyuan Li (Eds.), Springer Proceedings.

MCA-ECA308

Bio-informatics

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Able to describe the contents and properties of the most important bioinformatics databases, perform text- and sequence-based searches, and analyze and discuss the results in light of molecular biological knowledge
- CO2. Able to explain the major steps in pairwise and multiple sequence alignment, explain the principle for, and execute pairwise sequence alignment by dynamic programming
- CO3. Knowledge to identify, adapt and develop in silico models appropriate to the specific study of different biological projects.
- CO4. Able to use bioinformatics software, tools in their area of research.

Introduction

Biomedical data,-Clinical and life sciences -standards and databases. Principles and its uses Electronic health records (EMR) and health Information exchanges—including information retrieval, medical decision making, evaluation and evidence. Patient monitoring systems-ethics in informatics - bayesian networks-learning and decision-data structure in algorithm design and analysis.

Networking

TCP/IP Sockets and DNS clinical database concepts-design of the clinical information systems/Clinical Decision support systems--Synchronization, concurrency, deadlock, full-text databases, distributed database services and architecture on one of the database.any clinical database structure as one example.

Methods and Evaluation

Sampling, appropriate use of controls, data collection including human-testing of statistical significance, sensitivity and specificity.ROC plots. Methods and issues specific to healthcare.

Healthcare informatics

Understanding and interaction Health organization especially academic health centers, understanding the health care environment, understanding the organization informatics- Interaction between these three units-machine learning approaches to make decision making and discovery. Human factors in clinical systems –use of machine learning to make modeling, datamining, policy design and law. Translation research and its uses and implications Evidence based medicines.

Text Book and References:

1. Biomedical Informatics: First edition, - By Jules J. Berman. Jones & Bartlett, 2010
2. Biomedical Informatics: computer applications in Health care and Biomedicine (3rd ed), by Shortliffe EH, Cimino JJ., New York Springer-Verlag. 2000
3. Evaluation methods in medical Informatics by Friedman CP. Wyatt JC, New York Springer-Verlag-1996.

MCA-ECA309

Internet of Things

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to :

- CO1. Understand the application areas of IOT.
- CO2. Realize the revolution of Internet in Mobile Devices, Cloud & Sensor Networks.
- CO3. Understand building blocks of Internet of Things and characteristics.

Introduction

The Internet of Things: an Overview

The flavour of the Internet of Things, The "Internet" of "Things", The Technology of the Internet of Things, Enchanted Objects, Who is Making the Internet of Things?

Design Principles for Connected Devices

Calm and Ambient Technology, Magic as Metaphor, Privacy, Web Thinking for Connected Devices, Affordances.

Internet Principles

Internet Communications: An Overview (IP, TCP, The IP Protocol Suite (TCP/IP), UDP), IP Addresses (DNS, Static IP Address Assignment, Dynamic IP Address Assignment, IPv6), MAC Addresses, TCP and UDP Ports, Application Layer Protocols.

Prototyping:

Thinking About Prototyping: Sketching, Familiarity, Costs versus Ease of Prototyping, Prototypes and Production, Open Source versus Closed Source, Tapping into the Community.

Prototyping Embedded Devices:

Electronics, Embedded Computing Basics, Developing on the Arduino, Raspberry Pi, Beaglebone Black, Electric Imp, Mobile Phone and Tablets, Plug Computing: Always-on Internet of Things.

Prototyping the Physical Design:

Preparation, Sketch, Iterate, and Explore, Non-digital Methods, Laser Cutting, 3D Printing, CNC Milling, Repurposing/Recycling.

Prototyping Online Components:

Getting Started with an API, Writing a New API, Real-Time Reactions, Other Protocols.

Techniques for Writing Embedded Code:

Memory Management, Performance and Battery Life, Libraries, Debugging.

Prototype to Reality:

Business Models

A Short History of Business Models, The Business Model Canvas, Who Is The Business Model For Models, Funding an Internet of Things Startup, Lean Startups.

Moving to Manufacture

What Are You Producing?, Designing Kits, Designing Printed Circuit Boards, Manufacturing Printed Circuit Boards, Mass-Producing the Case and Other Fixtures, Certification, Costs, Scaling Up Software,

Ethics

Characterizing the Internet of Things, Privacy, Control, Environment, Solutions.

Text Book and References:

1. Adrian McEwen, Hakim Cassimally, "Designing the Internet of Things", Wiley publication, 1st Edition, November 2013.

MCA-ECA310

Theory of Computation

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to :

- CO1. Model, compare and analyze different computational models using combinatorial methods.
- CO2. Apply rigorously formal mathematical methods to prove properties of languages, grammars and automata.
- CO3. Construct algorithms for different problems and argue formally about correctness on different restricted machine models of computation.
- CO4. Identify limitations of some computational models and possible methods of proving them.
- CO5. Have an overview of how the theoretical study in this course is applicable to an engineering application like designing the compilers.

Basic Mathematical Objects and Mathematical Induction

Sets, logic, Functions, Relations, Alphabets, Strings, Languages, Principle of mathematical induction, Recursive definition.

Regular Expressions and Finite Automata

Regular languages and Regular Expressions, Memory required to recognize a language, Finite Automata, capability & limitations of FSM, Deterministic Finite Automata, Non-Deterministic Finite Automata, NFA with ϵ -moves, regular sets & regular expressions, Equivalence of DFA and NFA, NFA from regular expressions, regular expressions from DFA, Moore versus Mealy m/c, two way finite automata equivalence with one way, Kleen's Theorem, applications of finite automata.

Regular and Non-regular languages

Criterion for Regularity, Minimal Finite Automata, Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages, Decision problems, Regular Languages and Computers.

Context Free Grammars

Introduction, definition, Regular Grammar, Derivation trees, Ambiguity, Simplified forms and Normal Forms, Applications.

Pushdown Automata

Definition, Moves, Instantaneous Descriptions, Language recognised by PDA, Deterministic PDA, Acceptance by final state & empty stack, Equivalence of PDA, Pumping lemma for CFL, Interaction and Complements of CFL, Decision algorithms.

Turing Machines

Definition and examples, Computing Partial Functions with Turing Machine(TM), Combining TMs, Variations of TMs, Multi-tape TMs, Non-deterministic TM, Universal TM, Church Thesis.

Recursively Enumerable Languages

Recursively Enumerable and Recursive, Enumerating Language, Context Sensitive and Chomsky Hierarchy.

Unsolvable Problems and Computable Functions

Nonrecursive Language and unsolvable Problems, Halting Problem, Rice Theorem, Post Correspondence Problem.

Computational Complexity

Discussion on P, NP, NPC and NP-Hard Problems.

Text Book and References:

1. John Martin -“Introduction to Languages and the Theory of Computation”, 3rd edition, TMH.
2. K.L.P Mishra & N. Chandrasekharan -“Theory of Computer Science”, PHI
3. Hopcroft JE. And Ullman JD -“Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages & Computation”, Narosa.
4. Lewis H. R. and Papadimitrou C. H -“Elements of the theory of Computation”, PHI.

MCA-ECA311

Data Mining and Data Warehousing

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Understand the functionality of the various data mining and data warehousing component.
Appreciate the strengths and limitations of various data mining and data warehousing models
- CO2. Explain the analyzing techniques of various data
- CO3. Describe different methodologies used in data mining and data ware housing
- CO4. Compare different approaches of data ware housing and data mining with various technologies.

Introduction

Introduction, Data Mining as subject, What motivated Data mining, Why is it important.

Data warehousing

Introduction, What is a Data Warehousing Definition, Multidimensional Data Model, OLAP Operation, warehouse Scheme, Data Warehousing, Architecture, Metadata, OLAP ENGINE, Data warehouse Backend Process.

Data Mining

Introduction, What is Data Mining, Data Mining Definition, KDD Vs, Data Mining, DBMS Vs. DM, Other related area, DM Technique, Other Mining Problem, Issue and challenge is in DM, DM Application area, DM Application, Case Study.

Mining Association Rule in Large Database

Introduction, what is an Association Rule, Method to discover association Rule, A Priori Algorithm, Partition Algorithm, Pincer- Search algorithm, Dynamic item set Counting Algorithm, FP – Tree Growth Algorithm, Discussion and Different Algorithm, Generalized, Association Rule, Association Rules with Item Constraints.

Clustering Techniques

Introduction , Clustering Paradigm, Partition Algorithm, K- Medoid Algorithm, CLARA, CLARANS, Hierarchical Clustering, DBSCAN, BIRCH, CURE, Categorical Clustering Algorithms, STIR, ROCK, CACTUS.

Data Mining Primitives, Language and System Architecture

Data Mining Primitives, what defines a Data Mining task, Task relevant Data, The Kind of Knowledge to Mined, Concept Hierarchy, Interestingness Measure, presentation and visualization of Discovered Patterns, Data Mining Query Language.

Decision Trees

Introductions, What is decision Tree, Tree Construction Principle, Best split splitting Indices, Splitting criteria, Decision Tree Construction with Presenting, Prunesing Technique, Integration of Pruning Technique and Construction.

Temporal and Spatial Data Mining

Introduction, What is Temporal Data Mining emporal Association Rules, Sequence Mining, The GSP Algorithm, SPIRIT, Spafial Mining, Spatial Clustering, Spatial Trends.

Text Book and References:

1. A.K. Pujari, "A Data Mining Technique", University press (India) Limited, 2001
2. A Hand and M. Kamber, "Data Mining Concept and Technique", Morgan Kauffmann Publishers, Else river India, New Delhi, 2003.
3. Recherd J, Roiger and Michance W. Creatz, Data Mining: a tutorial Based Primer, Addision Wesley, 2003.
4. M.H. Dienham, Data Mining : Introductory and Advanced Topics, Pentice Hall 2003.

MCA-ECA312

Deep Learning

Cr 4

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Introduce major deep learning algorithms, the problem settings, and their applications to solve real world problems
- CO2. Identify the deep learning algorithms which are more appropriate for various types of learning tasks in various domains
- CO3. Implement deep learning algorithms and solve real-world problems

Introduction

Various paradigms of earning problems, Perspectives and Issues in deep learning framework, review of fundamental learning techniques.

Feedforward neural network

Artificial Neural Network, activation function, multi-layer neural network

Training Neural Network

Risk minimization, loss function, backpropagation, regularization, model selection, and optimization

Conditional Random Fields

Linear chain, partition function, Markov network, Belief propagation, Training CRFs, Hidden Markov Model, Entropy

Deep Learning

Deep Feed Forward network, regularizations, training deep models, dropouts, Convolutional Neural Network, Recurrent Neural Network, Deep Belief Network

Probabilistic Neural Network

Hopfield Net, Boltzman machine, RBMs, Sigmoid net, Autoencoders

Deep Learning research

Object recognition, sparse coding, computer vision, natural language processing

Deep Learning Tools

Caffe, Theano, Torch

Text Book and References:

1. Goodfellow, I., Bengio, Y., and Courville, A., Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016
2. Bishop, C. M., Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006
3. Yegnanarayana, B., Artificial Neural Networks PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2009
4. Golub, G.H., and Van Loan, C.F., Matrix Computations, JHU Press, 2013

ELECTIVE LIST COURSE (SET B)

MCA-ECB301

Mobile Computing

Cr 3

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1. Explain the basics of mobile telecommunication system
- CO2. Choose the required functionality at each layer for given application
- CO3. Identify solution for each functionality at each layer
- CO4. Use simulator tools and design Ad hoc networks
- CO5. Develop a mobile application.

Introduction

Mobile Computing – Mobile Computing vs wireless Networking – Mobile Computing Applications – Characteristics of Mobile computing – Structure of Mobile Computing Application. MAC Protocols – Wireless MAC Issues – Fixed Assignment Schemes – Random Assignment Schemes – Reservation Based Schemes.

Mobile internet protocol and transport layer

Overview of Mobile IP – Features of Mobile IP – Key Mechanism in Mobile IP – route Optimization. Overview of TCP/IP – Architecture of TCP/IP- Adaptation of TCP Window – Improvement in TCP Performance.

Mobile telecommunication system

Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM) – General Packet Radio Service (GPRS) – Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS).

Mobile ad-hoc networks

Ad-Hoc Basic Concepts – Characteristics – Applications – Design Issues – Routing – Essential of Traditional Routing Protocols – Popular Routing Protocols – Vehicular Ad Hoc networks (VANET) – MANET Vs VANET – Security.

Mobile platforms and applications

Mobile Device Operating Systems – Special Constraints & Requirements – Commercial Mobile Operating Systems – Software Development Kit: iOS, Android, BlackBerry, Windows Phone – M Commerce – Structure – Pros & Cons – Mobile Payment System – Security Issues.

Text Book and References:

1. Rajib Mall, “Fundamentals of Mobile Computing”, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi – 2016, second edition.
2. C.K.Toth, “AdHoc Mobile Wireless Networks”, First Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

3. Uwe Hansmann, Lothar Merk, Martin S. Nicklons and Thomas Stober, "Principles of Mobile Computing", Springer, 2003.

MCA-ECB302

Windows Programming with Visual Basic.Net

Cr 3

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Design, formulate, and construct applications with VB.NET
- CO2. Integrate variables and constants into calculations applying VB.NET
- CO3. Determine logical alternatives with VB.NET decision structures
- CO4. Implement lists and loops with VB.NET controls and iteration
- CO5. Separate operations into appropriate VB.NET procedures and functions
- CO6. Assemble multiple forms, modules, and menus into working VB.NET solutions
- CO7. Create VB.NET programs using multiple array techniques
- CO8. Build integrated VB.NET solutions using files and structures with printing capabilities
- CO9. Translate general requirements into data-related solutions using database concepts

Introduction to Visual Studio. NET, IDE to develop VB. NET ,Control Classes, Different type of applications., creating Windows form, Data types, Variables, Literals, decision making, Looping constructs, Object- oriented Programming through VB. NET, Creating procedures, Using Common dialogue classes, Retrieving and manipulating data to store in data base by ADO. NET..

Creating MDI applications, Creating Menus, Performing File Input/ Output. Creating multi- threaded applications.

Handling exception, debugging application, creating application assistant from help

System, creating and using components, creating user control.

Generating a report using crystal report.

Creating and using web-service, deploying an application.

Text Book and References:

1. Visual Basic.Net Programming Black Book, Steven Holzner, Dreamtech Press.
2. Professional Visual Basic.Net 2003, Bill Evjen, Willey Dreamtech Press.

MCA-ECB303

Pattern Recognition

Cr 3

Course Outcome: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1. Explain and compare a variety of pattern classification, structural pattern recognition, and pattern classifier combination techniques.
- CO2. Summarize, analyze, and relate research in the pattern recognition area verbally and in writing.

- CO3. Apply performance evaluation methods for pattern recognition, and critique comparisons of techniques made in the research literature.
- CO4. Apply pattern recognition techniques to real-world problems such as document analysis and recognition.
- CO5. Implement simple pattern classifiers, classifier combinations, and structural pattern recognizers.

Introduction to Pattern Recognition, Tree Classifiers (a) Decision Trees: CART, C4.5, ID3. (b) Random Forests

Bayesian Decision Theory, Linear Discriminants (a) Separability (b) Perceptrons (c) Support Vector Machines

Parametric Techniques (a) Maximum Likelihood Estimation (b) Bayesian Parameter Estimation (c) Sufficient Statistics, Non-Parametric Techniques (a) Kernel Density Estimators (b) Parzen Window (c) Nearest Neighbor Methods

Unsupervised Methods , Component Analysis and Dimension Reduction, The Curse of Dimensionality, Principal Component Analysis, Fisher Linear Discriminant, Locally Linear Embedding (b) Clustering, K-Means, Expectation Maximization, Mean Shift

Classifier Ensembles (a) Bagging (b) Boosting / AdaBoost

Graphical Models (a) Introductory ideas and relation back to earlier topics (b) Bayesian Networks (c) Sequential Models, State-Space Models, Hidden Markov Models, Dynamic Bayesian Networks

Algorithm Independent Topics (a) No Free Lunch Theorem (b) Ugly Duckling Theorem (c) Bias-Variance Dilemma (d) Jackknife and Bootstrap Methods (e) Syntactic Methods (f) Neural Networks

Text Book and References:

1. L. Kuncheva. (2004) Combining Pattern Classifiers, Methods and Algorithms, Wiley
2. R.O. Duda, P.E. Hart and D. Stork. (2001) Pattern Classification (2nd edition), Wiley.
3. C. Bishop. (2006) Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer.
4. C. Bishop. (1995) Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition, Oxford University Press.
5. S. Theodoridis and K. Koutroumbas. (2009). Pattern Recognition (4th edition), Academic Press.

MCA-ECB304

System Administration and Linux

Cr 3

- CO1. Understand the role and responsibilities of a Linux system administrator
- CO2. Install and configure the Linux operating system
- CO3. Manage the resources and security of a computer running Linux at a basic level
- CO4. Make effective use of Linux utilities, and scripting languages
- CO5. Configure and manage simple TCP/IP network services on a Linux system

Introduction to System Administration. Essential administrative Tools. Starting and Shutdown User Accounts. Security.

TCP/IP Network Management Getting started in LINUX. Linux Data Management POSIX Threads Pipes, FIFO, semaphores, Message Queues, Shared Memory, Sockets Tool Command Language PERL & CGI.

Text Book and References:

1. Linux Administration: A Beginner's Guide, Shah, TMH.
2. LINUX: The Complete Reference, Petersen, TMH.
3. Guide to LINUX installations & administration, Wealls, VIKAS.
4. Red Hat LINUX- Administrator's Guide, Cox, PHI.
5. LINUX Network Administrator's Guide, Kirch, SPD/O'REILLY.

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Mobile Computing Lab

Cr 2

1. Installation
2. NS-2 structure
3. How to start
4. Creating topology
5. Sending data
6. Wired lab
 - i. Node creation
 - ii. UDP data traffic
 - iii. Trace file analysis
 - iv. TCP data traffic
7. Wireless lab
 - i. Node creation
 - ii. Mobile node position
 - iii. UDP data traffic
 - iv. Movement generation
 - v. Trace file analysis

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Windows Programming with Visual Basic.Net

Cr 2

1. Introduction to Visual Basic .NET.
2. User Interface Design.
3. Variables, Constants and Calculations
4. Decisions making, Looping.
5. Arrays
6. Forms and Controls, MDI Forms, Common Dialog Boxes.
7. Sub Procedures, Functions.
8. Parameter passing by value and by reference.
9. Thread/Time slicing related programs.
10. Class /Interface based programming (Object Oriented Programs).
11. Inheritance / Polymorphism.
12. Database connectivity.
13. Saving Data and Objects in Files.
14. Web Forms.

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Pattern Recognition Lab

Cr 2

MCA-EPB304

System Administration and Linux Lab

Cr 2

1. The boot sequence
2. The essential Linux commands such as installation, searches and manipulation
3. The Grand Unified Boot Loader
4. GRUB Configuration Files
5. System Configuration Files
6. Manage users and groups by adding/deleting/modifying, configuring LDAP and PAM, modifying user processes and resources
7. Manage system storage by using partitions, logical volumes, physical volumes etc.